

January 19, 2000 Workshop

Monitoring and Laboratory Division
Compliance Division
Office of Legal Affairs
California Air Resources Board
California Environmental Protection Agency

www.arb.ca.gov/vapor/evr/evr.htm

Agenda

- Introduction
- EVR Modules
- Emission Reductions
- EVR Implementation
- EVR Schedule
- Draft CP-201
- Draft Test procedures
- Field Testing
- Cost-effectiveness

EVR Modules

Module 1: Phase I vapor recovery

Module 2: Phase II vapor recovery

Module 3: ORVR compatibility

Module 4: Liquid retention and spitback

Module 5: Spillage and dripless nozzles

Module 6: In-Station diagnostics

Module 1 - Phase I Vapor Recovery

- Increase Phase I transfer efficiency from 95% to 98%
- Improve equipment components

Module 2 - Phase II Vapor Recovery

- Numerous significant changes to certification process and standards
 - -pressure-related fugitives
 - component specifications
 - pressure drop budget
 - -certification testing
 - HAPs from processors

Module 3 - ORVR Compatibility

- Require Phase II to have no excess emissions for ORVR fuelings
- Test to be proposed by applicant
- Vehicle-side fix not cost-effective

Module 4 - Liquid Retention

- New emission category
- Liquid evaporates from hanging hardware between fuelings
- Still developing baseline data
- Expected to be technology-forcing
- Proposed phase-in of limits
 - -first limit based on best nozzles

Module 5 - Spillage & Dripless Nozzle

- More stringent spillage standard
 - -reduce from 0.42 to 0.24 lbs/1000 gal
 - add criteria to limit drops from nozzles after fueling
- Technology forcing

Module 6 - In-Station Diagnostics

- Monitor critical VR system parameters
- Signals, alarms => shut-down
- Expect tie-in to existing UST monitors
- Working with CAPCOA and vendors to develop criteria

Uncontrolled Emission Factor

- EVR estimates use summer RVP emission factor: 7.6 lbs/1000 gal
- Recognize that winter gasoline has higher RVP: 9 to 11? lbs/1000 gal
- EVR is ozone control measure, yet year-round emission controls are important to reduce toxics exposure

Basis for EVR Emission Reduction Estimates

- Phase I: 95% to 98% efficiency
- Phase II: pressure related fugitives from ORVR test baseline (May 99 draft report)
- ORVR: excess emissions from ARB field tests (May 99 Draft report)
- Liquid retain: 5 stations will do more
- Spillage: eliminate pre and post fueling spillage quantified by ARB in 1989-1990
- ISD: excess emissions due to A/L failures in ARB/CAPCOA April 99 draft report

EVR Emission Reductions 2010 ROG Estimates

| | Emission Category | SCAB tons/day | Statewide tons/day | Applicable to SIP settlement |
|---|-------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------|
| 1 | Phase I VR: 95% to 98% efficiency | 2.1 | 5.0 | Yes |
| 2 | Phase II Pressure related fugitives | 1.3 | 3.1 | No |
| 3 | ORVR Compatibility | 2.7 | 6.3 | No |
| 4 | Liquid Retention | 0.1 | 0.2 | No |
| 5 | Spillage including Dripless Nozzle | 1.6 | 3.9 | Yes |
| 6 | In-Station Diagnostics | 2.8 | 6.6 | No |
| | TOTALS | 10.6 | 25.1 | |

SIP Settlement Emission Reductions

| Emission Category | Estimated Emission Reductions (SCAB tons/day in 2010) |
|--|---|
| Phase I | 2.1 |
| Spillage (0.42 to 0.38 lb/1000 gal for EVR) | 1.6 |
| ORVR Credit | 1.9 |
| Spillage (0.7 to 0.42 lb/1000 gal in 1996) | 2.3 |
| TOTAL | 7.9 |

EVR Implementation

| Module | Emission Category | Proposed Operative Date |
|--------|------------------------|--|
| 1 | Phase I | April 2001 |
| 2 | Phase II | April 2001 |
| 3 | ORVR Compatibility | April 2001 |
| 4 | Liquid Retention | April 2001 April 2002 April 2003 |
| 5 | Spillage | April 2003 April 2001 |
| | Dripless Nozzle | April 2003 |
| 6 | In-Station Diagnostics | April 2001* April 2004 |

Technology Review

- Review feasibility for:
 - -final liquid retention limit
 - -dripless nozzle
 - -in-station diagnostics

Technology Review in 2002

EVR Schedule

 Staff report: February 4, 2000 (Start of 45-day comment period)

Board hearing March 23-24, 2000